## Western Health Specialist Clinics Access & Referral Guidelines

## **Heart Failure Specialist Clinic at Western Health:**

- Western Health provides Specialist Clinics for patients who require assessment and management of heart failure
- Patients appropriate for this clinic are those with a **CONFIRMED** diagnosis of either:
  - 1. Heart failure with Reduced Ejection fraction, <40% (HFrEF)
  - 2. Heart Failure with Mildly Reduced Ejection fraction, <50% (HFmrEF)
  - 3. Cardiomyopathies
    - Eg: restrictive, hypertrophic, infiltrative (eg amyloid, sarcoid), ARVC, chemotherapyrelated etc.
  - 4. Heart Failure with Preserved Ejection fraction (HFpEF)
    - Previously referred to as diastolic heart failure,
    - Patients must have confirmed/likely HFpEF:
      - Clinical symptoms of HF despite EF >50%
      - Evidence of cardiac dysfunction. Examples:
        - o Echocardiographic evidence of:
          - Diastolic dysfunction (elevated filling pressures/dilated atria) +/-
          - Left ventricular hypertrophy/concentric remodelling.
        - o Prior evidence of pulmonary congestion.
        - Elevated Brain Natriuretic Peptide (BNP)
    - We will **ONLY** see patients that have trialed max tolerated doses of diuretics & management of contributing factors: (hypertension, sleep apnoea, atrial fibrillation, diabetes), yet remain symptomatic
    - HFpEF patients meeting the above criteria may be seen **up to 3 times** for medication titration and will then be discharged back to their primary physician.

### Conditions NOT seen at the Heart Failure Clinic:

- Patients who already have a private Cardiologist managing their heart failure (unless review in this clinic is requested by their Cardiologist).
- Patients without a confirmed heart failure or cardiomyopathy diagnosis
- Undifferentiated patients who require a Cardiology consult (e.g., for dyspnoea or chest pain, without confirmed heart failure), should be referred to General Cardiology Clinic in the first instance.

#### Other considerations:

- Very elderly/frail patients (> 85yo), or those with multiple other comorbidities might be better served by a referral to General Medicine clinic for a more holistic approach to their care.
- Patients not meeting eligibility criteria will be referred back to their GP to organize a referral to a more appropriate clinic.

Current version: January 2024 Next review due: January 2027

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#### NOTE:

Acute conditions requiring immediate assessment should be referred to the Emergency Department.

## **Access and Referral Priority for the Heart Failure Specialist Clinic:**

- The clinical information provided in your referral will determine the triage category.
- Sufficient clinical information is required to enable triaging
- The triage category will affect the timeframe in which the patient is offered an appointment.

URGENT Appointment timeframe 30 days	ROUTINE  Appointment timeframe greater than 30 days, depending on clinical need.
<ul> <li>New severely reduced LV EF</li> <li>Rapidly worsening symptoms of heart failure</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Known HF with stable symptoms</li> <li>New HFrEF with stable symptoms</li> <li>New HF-pEF that have failed maximum tolerated diuretics and comorbidity management.</li> <li>Patients with suspected cardiomyopathy</li> </ul>

### **Heart Failure Specific Referral Guidelines:**

- Key information enables Western Health clinicians to triage patient referrals to the correct category and provide treatment with fewer visits to Specialist Clinics, creating more capacity for care.
- If key information is missing, you will be asked to return the referral with the required information. If this information is not received, the referral may be rejected.
- Clinicians will provide assessment and medication titration with the aim of returning to primary care for ongoing care.

1. Heart failure with	<ul> <li>Clinical findings and</li> </ul>	Required:
Deduced Fination	details	• ECG
Reduced Ejection	<ul> <li>NYHA class and details</li> </ul>	• FBE
	of any recent	• LFT
	deterioration	• U&E

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Fraction (HFrEF) E <40%  2. Heart Failure with Mildly Reduced Ejection Fraction (HFmrEF) EF <50%  3. Cardiomyopathies eg: restrictive, hypertrophic, infiltra (eg amyloid, sarcoi ARVC, chemothera related etc	ive  dysfunction  Past treatment and response  Current medications  Past medical history and comorbidities	<ul> <li>TSH</li> <li>Fasting lipids</li> <li>HbA1c -current and previous if diabetic</li> <li>Echocardiogram – within last 2 years *</li> <li>If available <ul> <li>Iron studies</li> <li>CXR</li> <li>Sleep studies</li> <li>Stress test</li> <li>Respiratory function test (if patient is a smoker or has COPD or asthma)</li> <li>Past ECGs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
1. Heart Failure with Preserved Ejectio Fraction (HFpEF) 50%  Previously referre as diastolic failure	dysfunction.  ■ NYHA Class and any recent clinical deterioration	Required:

## **Echocardiogram:**

- Echocardiogram (TTE) results MUST be attached.
- If no TTE has been performed in the last 2 years, please organize one.
- Referrals without an attached TTE will be rejected.
- To meet MBS criteria, GPs can only refer for a TTE if one has not been performed within 2 years.
- To organize a TTE, please email a referral to <a href="white:white;">white:whit:white:whit:white:white:white:white:white:white:white:white:white:white:whi

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