Paediatric Neurology Clinics at Western Health:

Western Health provides the following Specialist Clinic services for children up to 17 years of age who require assessment and management of actual, or suspected paediatric neurological conditions.

REFERRALS WILL ONLY BE ACCEPTED FROM A PAEDIATRICIAN.

If the referral is from the Emergency Department, an ED Consultant needs to be involved in the referral; referrals from ED should document the conversation with the Paediatric Neurologist and requesting ED Consultant.

Referrals will be triaged on a daily basis by a General Paediatrician according to specific clinical requirements.

Referrals may be triaged to alternative Paediatric Specialist Clinics at Western Health.

Specialist Clinics are provided in the Joan Kirner Women's & Children's at Sunshine Hospital.

The Paediatric Neurology Clinic operates once weekly.

Conditions not seen by Paediatric Neurology at Western Health:

- Seizures in infants < 6 months of age.
- First afebrile seizures → refer to General Paediatric Medicine.
- New onset seizures in > 16 years of age → consider refer adult neurology.
- Chronic neurologic conditions requiring ongoing, multidisciplinary management at a paediatric tertiary health service (e.g. neuromuscular conditions, neurofibromatosis, and Multiple sclerosis).

The acute conditions listed below require immediate assessment – please refer the patient to the Sunshine Hospital Emergency Department.

- New onset headache and vomiting
- Frequent, prolonged or compromising seizures
- Seizures with associated developmental regression or abnormal neurology
- Infantile spasms
- Acute weakness
- Acute ataxia
- Acute gait abnormality

Access & Referral Priority Paediatric Neurology:

The clinical information provided in your referral will determine the triage category.

The triage category will affect the timeframe in which the patient is offered an appointment.

URGENT	ROUTINE
Appointment timeframe 30 days	Appointment timeframe greater than 30 days, depending on clinical need.
Seizures	Seizures
 Frequent (> monthly) despite first-line anti-epileptic treatment In children < 2 years of age 	 Infrequent, short and non-compromising seizures In children > 2 years of age
Motor Delay and/or Hypotonia	Epilepsy
In infants < 6 months of age with areflexia and suspicion of Spinal Muscular Atrophy	Established diagnosis and on treatment but requiring collaboration with a sub-specialist
Developmental Regression	Paroxysmal events/query seizures
Assessed by Paediatrician with concern for a neurological basis	Requiring sub-specialist assessment
	Motor abnormality
	Gait abnormality/weakness/ataxiaChronic/long-standing
	Collapse/fainting
	Cardiac cause excludedIf sub-specialist opinion is required
	Headache/migraine
	 Without red flags (new-onset, early morning, vomiting, abnormal neurology) If exceeds General Paediatrician management
	Motor Delay and/or Hypotonia
	In children > 6 months of age with preserved reflexes
	Developmental Delay

Investigated by a General Paediatrician with concern for a neurological basis
Tics If exceeds General Paediatrician management

Condition Specific Referral Guidelines:

Key information enables Western Health clinicians to triage patient referrals to the correct category and provide treatment with fewer visits to Specialist Clinics, creating more capacity for care. If key information is missing, you will be asked to return the referral with the required information. If this information is not received, the referral may be rejected.

Condition:	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations
Epilepsy/seizures	 Essential Past medical history/comorbidities Seizure semiology, frequency and duration Clinical examination Ensure no abnormal neurology Head circumference measurement Skin lesions/birth marks 	 Copies of previous investigations Bloods: sodium, calcium and glucose if new onset EEG (sleep deprived if events from sleep) Consider referral for MRI Brain if EEG suggests structural focal basis
Paroxysmal events, query seizures	 Essential Event semiology, frequency and duration Clinical examination Ensure no abnormal neurology Head circumference measurement Skin lesions/birth marks 	Video of events if possible
Motor/Developmental Delay	 Essential Past medical history Clinical examination ➤ Head circumference measurement ➤ Full neurological examination 	 Copies of previous investigations or assessments Thyroid function test, comprehensive metabolic panel, creatine kinase, Vitamin B12, folate, lactate, ammonia Microarray Urine metabolic screen
Developmental Regression	 Essential Past medical history Details of presentation Clinical examination ➤ Head circumference measurement 	 Thyroid function test, comprehensive metabolic panel, creatine kinase, Vitamin B12, folate, lactate, ammonia Microarray



	Full neurological examination	Urine metabolic screen & organic acids
Headaches/migraines	 Essential Headache semiology, frequency and duration Exclude red flags Clinical examination Ensure no abnormal neurology Exclude papilloedema 	 Please forward any copies of previous MRI studies Patient, parent/caregiver to complete Headache Diary
Collapse/faint	 Essential Triggers for events Clinical examination Lying & standing Blood Pressure 	 ECG Consider cardiology review
Tics	Past medical history/comorbidities	Video of events if possible